专题 08 动词

关键词:动词词义辨析,形似动词辨析

难度系数: ****
推荐指数: ****
【基础回顾】
考点归纳:
考点一:考查动词用法辨析
Someone who lacks staying power and perseverance is unlikely to a good researcher.
A. make B. turn C. get D. grow
【答案】A
【解析】句意:缺乏耐力和恒心的人是不可能成为一个优秀的研究者的。make"成为"暗含"具有很好的
条件(素质),能够成为"。如: What makes a good advertisement? "什么能够(使一幅广告)成为好的广
告?"。turn 后面加名词,表示"成为"的时候,不加冠词。如: His parents expected him to be a doctor, while
he turned pop star. get 和 grow 表示"成为,变成"的意思时,后面跟形容词。
考点二:考查近义词辨析
—How much does this store often for such large eggs ?
—Only \$ 65 US cents a dozen . It was a real bargain.
A. demand B. cost C. pay D. charge
【答案】D
【解析】
试题分析: 考查动词辨析。A 要求; B 花费; C 支付; D 索价。从句意可知说话人问的是商店
出售的鸡蛋是什么价格,而 charge 恰好是指出售人的"要价,索价",所以 D 选项正确。
句意:一这家商店里对于这么大的鸡蛋一般售价多少呢?一仅仅65美分一打。这可真是便
宜。 宜。
考点三:考查词形相近词辨析
Legend has it that the origin of the Dragon Boat Festival is to the soul of Qu Yuan.
A. remember B. remind C. recover D. recall
【答案】D

试题分析: A. remember 记得,指事物不知不觉地在脑海中的闪现; B. remind 使想起,提醒; C. recover 使恢复; D. recall 回忆,多指有意识地回忆起已经被忘记的事情。句意: 端午节相传起源于回忆屈原精神。故 D 正确。

考点四:考查动词词义辨析

Shakespeare's writing is still popular today. It has really _____ the test of time.

A. failed

B. stood

C. taken

D. conducted

【答案】B

【解析】fail 失败,未能做某事;stand 站立,承受,经历,忍耐;conduct 执行。根据句意可知本句中的 stand 表示承受。句意:莎士比亚的作品现在仍然很流行,它真地承受了时间的考验了。故 B 正确。

基础必读:

(1) 动词词义辨析

动词词义辨析一直都是高考考查的重点,这类题绝大部分情况下所给的四个选项的含义各不相同、没有关联性,此时考查的是对题干和语境的理解,偶尔也考查近义词的辨析。近三年考查到的动词词义辨析词有:① sacrifice; substitute; simplify; survive②conclude; lead; avoid; hold③persuade; promise; invite; support④open; narrow; widen; leave⑤make; turn; take; have⑥differ; shrink; fail; decline⑦sponsor; launch; organize; plan⑧tell; remind; warn; advise

(2)动词的熟词生义

动词的考查要求学生熟练掌握一些高频动词的词义和搭配。此外,从近几年各地区的高考试题情况来看,动词的熟词新义在具体语境中的运用也应高度重视。经常考查的动词有① acknowledge 承认;就……表示感谢;告知收到(信件等);对……打招呼② say 说;表明;宣称,声明③ observe 观察;注意到;遵守,奉行(法律、习俗、规章等);纪念,庆祝④ cover 覆盖;涉及;包含;包括,涉及;论及;负担支付;够付(费用);采访关于……的新闻;报道(……的新闻等);走过(若干里),走完(一段路程)⑤ escape 逃走、逃脱;被遗忘、没被记住⑥ strike 打、敲击;突然想起(到)、一下子想起⑦ pick 摘;挑选;扒窃⑧ deliver 递送,传送;讲课;发表(演说);生孩子,为某人接生⑨ drive 驾车;迫使⑩ suit 同(某人)相配;合……的心意,对……方便

【技能方法】

解题建议:

一、必须从各个动词的语意差别、用法 特点等方面入手,然后通过题干关键词来把握 语境, 选择符合句意的动词。 二、对于动词的熟词生义用法,要进行专门积累,并强化复习和运用。 三、对于动词,尤其是高频的动词一定要概括与总结,并通过练习进行强化。 【基础达标】 1. Her shoes_____her dress; they look very well together. ఈ A. suit B. fit D. match C. compare 【答案】D 【解析】suit 指"符合某人的口味,或颜色、款式等的相配或适合"; ftt 指"强调尺寸、大小 或形状上的吻合"; compare 意为"比较、对照"; match 指"两个物体大小、色调、形状、 性质等方面很相配,显得很协调"。根据句意选 D。 2. —Do you have enough to all your daily expenses? —Oh yes, enough and to spare. A. cover B. spend C. fill D. offer 【答案】A 【解析】此处 cover 意为(钱)足够的;spend 花费;fill 充满;offer 主动提供。句意:你有足够的钱满足 你的日常费用吗? 3. We were all agreed that the cottage would __a perfect holiday home for the family. A. make C. take B. turn D. have 【答案】A 【解析】我们一致同意,这个小舍将会给我们的家庭营造一个完美的假日家园。make表"可 以用作,可发展为",与for连用。Turn表示"变为",一般后跟into。 4. Mary, I John of his promise to help you. A. told B. reminded C. warned D. advised 【答案】B

【解析】句意:玛丽,我已经提醒约翰注意他帮助你的承诺了。"remind... of... 就···提醒(某人),使 (某人)想起····: warn 含有警告的意思。

D. earn

5. You are old enough to __ your own living.

A.win B. gain C. take

【答案】D

【解析】句意: 你长大了,可以自谋生路了。此处 earn one's living 谋生,固定搭配。

【能力提升】

1.What are you doing	out of bed, Tom? You're	to be asleep.	,		
A. supposed	B. known	C. thought	D. considered		
【答案】A					
【解析】句意为"Tom,你不睡觉做什么?你现在应该睡觉。"out of bed 未上床,起床的意					
思,be supposed to de	o 应当,应该。				
2.—How did you like N	lick's performance last r	night?			
—To be honest, his si	nging didn'tto	me much			
A. appeal	B . belong C refe	er D.	occur		
【答案】A					
【解析】appeal to 意为	与"吸引"; belong to	意为"属于";	refer to 意为 "提到;涉及";		
occur to 意为 "突然想	想到"。句意为"她的	的演唱并不怎么呀	及引我。		
3. Your house is always	so neat—how do you _	it with thre	ee children?		
A. manage B. s	serve C. adapt	D. constr	uct		
【答案】A					
【解析】句意:你家里总是那么整洁——家里有三个孩子,你是怎么设法做到的?表示"设法做成某事"用					
manage it。serve 表示"为服务;接待";adapt 表示"使适应,使适合";construct 表示"建造,构筑;构					
思"。					
4. As parents and teachers, you should allow children the space to their opinions, even if					
they are different from your own.					
A. announce B. vo	oice C. declare	D. sound			
【答案】B					
【解析】考查动词辨析。announce"宣布"; voice "发出······的心声"; declare"声明";					
sound"听起来"。句意	意:作为父母和老师,	你应该给孩子们	留下发表他们意见的空间,即使		
他们的意见和你的不	同。故选 B。				
5. The house prices fell	sharply at the end of la	st year, but	_ at the beginning of this year.		
A. repaired	B. recovered C. rep	olaced	D. reduced		
【答案】B					
【解析】					
试题分析:考查动词辨析。A 修理,修复; B 恢复; C 取代; D 减少,减小。句意:去年年					

底,房价急剧下跌,但是今年初又反弹了。故选B。

【终极闯关】					
1.As a famous public figure, you have a duty to yourself, especially in public places.					
A. focus B. behave C. guide D. Operate					
【答案】B					
【解析】					
试题分析:考查动词辨析。A. focus 集中; B. Behave 使行为规范; C. Guide 引导; D. Operate 处理。					
Behave yourself 意思为: 规矩点。该句意思为: 作为一个著名的公众人物,你有责任约束自己,尤其是在公					
众场合。故选 B。					
2. They eat only plant foods, and take care to animal products from other areas of their lives.					
A. contain B. maintain C. exclude D. Include					
【答案】C					
【解析】					
试题分析:考查动词辨析。A.包含,容纳; B.保持,维持; C.排除,不包括; D.包括。句意:					
他们只吃素食,很排斥来自他们生活其他区域的肉类食品。故选C。					
3. If you come to visit China, you will a culture of amazing depth and variety.					
A. develop B. create C. substitute D. experience					
【答案】D					
考查动词辨析。语境表示"来中国参观能够体验到文化的厚重感和多样性",故选					
D。experience 此处用作及物动词,意思是"体验,经历"。develop 发展;create 创造;					
substitute 代替,替代。					
4.See, your computer has broken down again! It doesn't sense to buy the cheapest brand					
of computer just to save a few dollars.					
A. have B. make					
C. display D. bring					
【答案】B					
【解析】					
考查动词辨析。句意:看看吧,你的电脑又出毛病了!为了省一点儿钱买最便宜的电脑没					
有意义。make sense "有意义",是固定搭配。					
5. If you have any doubts about your health, you'd better your doctor at once.					
A. convince B. consult					

C. avoid

D. affect

【答案】B

【解析】

考查动词辨析。句意:如果你对你的健康有任何怀疑,你最好马上咨询你的医生。convince 说服;consult 请教,咨询;avoid 避免;affect 影响。