

2019 年桂林市初中学业水平考试试卷

英 语

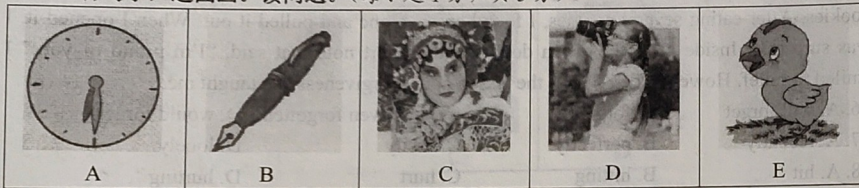
(全卷满分 120 分 考试用时 120 分钟)

注意事项:

1. 试卷分为试题卷和答题卡两部分。请在答题卡上作答, 在本试题卷上作答无效。
2. 答题前, 请认真阅读答题卡上的注意事项。
3. 考试结束后, 将本试题卷和答题卡一并交回。

一、听力测试 (每小题 1 分, 共 30 分)

(一) 听句子, 选图画。读两遍。(每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)



1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

(二) 听句子, 选择单词。读两遍。(每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

- | | | |
|---------------|------------|-------------|
| 6. A. singing | B. playing | C. writing |
| 7. A. cities | B. towns | C. villages |
| 8. A. autumn | B. spring | C. winter |
| 9. A. Monday | B. Tuesday | C. Sunday |
| 10. A. south | B. east | C. west |

(三) 对话理解。读两遍。(每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

A. 听五段短对话, 选择最佳答案。

11. What do the woman's parents usually do on Sunday morning?
A. Go to the park. B. Go shopping. C. Climb the hills.
12. What color is Jelly's schoolbag?
A. Blue. B. Black. C. Purple.
13. Why does the man like the lions?
A. Because they are cute. B. Because they are lovely. C. Because they are brave.
14. What would the man like?
A. Ice cream. B. Water. C. Juice.
15. Where did Ted's father go this morning?
A. New York. B. Hollywood. C. Los Angeles.

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B. 听第一段长对话, 根据对话内容回答第 16~17 小题。

16. Where are they now?

- A. In Paul's house. B. In Mary's house. C. In the restaurant.

17. What kind of food is delicious?

- A. Bread. B. Chicken. C. Beef.

C. 听第二段长对话, 根据对话内容回答第 18~20 小题。

18. Who's new in this conversation?

- A. Kevin. B. Christine. C. May.

19. How many buildings are there in the school?

- A. Six. B. Five. C. Four.

20. Where is the playground?

- A. Next to the library building.
B. Behind the office building.
C. Between the office building and the classroom building.

(四) 短文理解。读两遍。(每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

听一篇短文, 根据短文内容, 回答第 21~25 小题。

21. What do you do when being invited for a meal in Saudi Arabia?

- A. Sit on the floor to eat.
B. Take your shoes off before entering.
C. Sit on the chair.

22. What do you do when being invited to sing karaoka in Japan?

- A. Take off your hat.
B. Take your shoes off before entering.
C. Take off your coat.

23. What can we do when we are in Germany?

- A. Ask people for gifts. B. Ask people's name. C. Ask people's salary.

24. What is rude in Greece when saying goodbye?

- A. To shake hands. B. To wave. C. To kiss.

25. How do people from England do when they don't know the answer to the question?

- A. Make some noise. B. Keep silent. C. Say some words.

(五) 听短文, 填信息, 每空填一词。读两遍。(每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

Friendship Helpline	
Henry's problem	◆ They have been best friends for over <u>26</u> years. They are separated in two schools.
	◆ They seem to <u>27</u> . They don't have the same friendship any more.
Suggestions	◆ First, when you grow up, you want <u>28</u> things. Don't think about the past so much.
	◆ Second, make sure he knows you. If you are <u>29</u> good friends, your friendship will not end.
	◆ Third, do something together that you <u>30</u> in the past.

二、单项选择 (每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

从各题的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

31. Americans always use _____ to have meals while Chinese use chopsticks.
A. knife B. bowl C. forks
32. -- Can you drive on the right-hand side of the road in China?
-- _____. That's a rule.
A. Yes, we can B. Yes, we must C. Yes, we should
33. Of all the students in my class, Lily studies _____.
A. most carefully B. carefully C. more carefully
34. Time is limited! You'd better _____ your time any more.
A. not to waste B. waste C. not waste
35. He hasn't communicated much with his parents since he _____ a mobile phone last year.
A. got B. get C. gets
36. As we know, printing _____ during the Sui and Tang Dynasties in China.
A. invented B. is invented C. was invented
37. _____ more books, and you will improve your reading skills.
A. Reading B. Read C. Reads
38. _____ nice weather it is! Let's go out for a picnic.
A. What B. How C. What a
39. Do you know _____ the students like the mobile phone game so much?
A. what B. why C. how
40. He was so busy preparing for the high school entrance exam that _____.
A. he had enough time to watch football matches every day
B. he was free enough to go shopping online
C. he had no time to do sports every day

三、补全对话 (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

根据对话内容, 从方框中选出最佳选项补全对话。

A: Hello! Tony. What are you going to be in the future?

B: _____ 41. _____

A: Why are you going to be a doctor?

B: _____ 42. _____ What about you, John?

A: Guess!

B: _____ 43. _____

A: No, I don't.

B: Are you going to be a football player?

A: _____ 44. _____ I like playing football very much.

B: Great! _____ 45. _____

A. I hope our dreams will come true.

B. I am going to be a doctor.

C. Yes, I am.

D. Do you want to be a teacher?

E. Because I am good at medical science.

四、完形填空 (每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

阅读短文, 从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

When I was a twelve-year-old newspaper boy, an old lady who was my customer lived near my house. I 46. her name. On a winter afternoon, I was playing with my friend near the old lady's backyard. I found a 47. smooth rock and threw it out, but the stone 48. a small window of her house. Unluckily, I saw the old lady standing behind the window. We knew we were 49., and ran away quickly. We were scared about that we would 50. and didn't worry about the old lady with the broken window in winter. The next morning, she was 51. greeting me with a smile when I gave her the newspaper. I made up my mind 52. my money to correct my mistake. After three weeks, I had seven dollars. I put the money in an envelope with a note explaining everything and hoped that the seven dollars would cover the 53. for repairing the window. I waited until it was dark, and put the letter in her door. The next day, I 54. the old lady her newspaper and she thanked me for it as usual and gave me a bag of cookies. After eating several cookies, I found an envelope and pulled it out. When I opened it, I was surprised. Inside were the seven dollars and a short note that said, "I'm proud of you." I smiled in relief. However, I 55. the lesson about forgiveness she taught me.

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|-----------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| 46. A. will forget | B. forgets | C. have even forgotten | D. would forget |
| 47. A. recently | B. perfectly | C. easily | D. lonely |
| 48. A. hit | B. hitting | C. hurt | D. hurting |
| 49. A. in silence | B. in peace | C. in need | D. in trouble |
| 50. A. help | B. catch | C. be caught | D. be helped |
| 51. A. always | B. already | C. never | D. still |
| 52. A. to save | B. saving | C. save | D. saved |
| 53. A. prize | B. price | C. pay | D. cost |
| 54. A. bought | B. handed | C. posted | D. accepted |
| 55. A. never remember | B. shall never remember | | |
| C. shall never forget | D. could forget | | |

五、阅读理解 (第 56-60 小题, 每小题 1 分; 第 61-75 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 35 分)

A

Hello, I am Linda. I am from Class 1, Grade 7. My Chinese teacher is Miss Zhou. She comes from Shanghai. She is very thin. She likes reading. My math teacher is Mr. Chen. He is strong. He is good at swimming and running. My English teacher is Miss Li. She has long hair. She is friendly. She likes playing the piano. Mr. Wang teaches us PE. He is very tall. He likes playing basketball and volleyball very much. He often plays volleyball with us on the playground.

请根据短文内容, 判断句子正误, 正确的写 "T", 错误的写 "F"。

56. Linda is from Class 1, Grade 7.
57. Miss Zhou comes from Shanghai.
58. Mr. Chen is not strong.
59. Miss Li doesn't have long hair.
60. Mr. Wang likes playing volleyball very much.

B

This is Mrs. Brown's online shop, www.mrsbrown.com. Some clothes are on sale. Please click here and have a look. If you like them, please order them on line.

Women	Men
Skirt Colour: red, white, yellow Size: small Price: \$30 for each	T-shirt Colour: white, black Size: large Price: \$25 for each
Sweater Colour: purple, red, green Size: all sizes Price: \$50 for each	Coat Colour: black, grey, blue Size: small, large Price: \$120 for each

根据表格信息, 选择最佳选项。

61. How much is a skirt?
 A. \$50. B. \$30. C. \$120. D. \$25.
62. Which is the most expensive in the shop?
 A. A coat. B. A sweater. C. A T-shirt. D. A skirt.
63. Which of the below has all sizes?
 A. The T-shirt. B. The Coat. C. The skirt. D. The sweater.
64. What can Mr. Green buy for himself if he only has \$30?
 A. A skirt. B. A coat. C. A T-shirt. D. A sweater.
65. According to the form, you can't buy _____ in Mrs. Brown's shop.
 A. a dress B. a sweater C. a skirt D. a coat

C

What we have been aware of is that people from Italy speak Italian and people from Russia speak Russian. But have you ever wondered the reason why people speak Spanish in so many South American countries? Do you know why the brilliant footballers of Brazil speak Portuguese? And why is French the first language of some people in Canada? The answer is that all these countries belonged to European empires at one time. The next question is: How did these empires begin? To answer that question we have to probably go back to the 15th and 16th centuries, the golden age of European explorers.

Although this period is known as the golden age of European explorers, it was not the beginning of European exploration. As you probably know, Marco Polo travelled a long way to China at the end of the 13th century and some people say that the Vikings discovered America long before Columbus set sail in 1492. However, it is during this "golden" period that some famous voyages took place. Columbus' voyage to America is the best known voyage of exploration, but Ferdinand Magellan sailed round the world in this period, and Spanish explorers such as Cortez and Pizarro reached South America. Cortez defeated the Aztecs in what we now

know as Mexico and Pizarro defeated the Incas in what we now know as Peru. The roots of the Spanish empire were established and that is why the Spanish language is so widely spoken in Central and South America today.

根据短文内容, 选择最佳选项。

66. When is the golden age of European explorers?
 A. The 15th century. B. The 16th century.
 C. The 13th century. D. The 15th and 16th centuries.
67. Which is not the voyage of exploration taking place during the golden period?
 A. Columbus sailed to America.
 B. Marco Polo travelled to China.
 C. Ferdinand Magellan voyaged round the world.
 D. Cortez and Pizarro reached South America.
68. Who defeated the Aztecs in what we now know as Mexico?
 A. Pizarro. B. Cortez. C. Incas. D. Columbus.
69. According to the passage, some countries in America didn't use to belong to _____.
 A. Portugal B. Spain C. Canada D. France
70. From the passage, we can know that _____.
 A. Many countries in South America have been influenced by European countries
 B. The period of the 15th and 16th centuries was the beginning of the European exploration
 C. European explorers occupied some American countries in a peaceful way
 D. Ferdinand Magellan's voyage round the world is not famous at all

D

When it comes to helping developing countries, we often think about offering money in order that they can build schools and hospitals, buy food and medicine, or find clean water supplies. These seem to be the most important basic needs in their lives. However, it's far from enough. We have to come up with better ideas.

A man called Nicholas Negroponte invented a cheap laptop computer, which he decided to invent after he visited a school in Cambodia. The laptop which Mr. Negroponte has designed is not the same as the normal one that you can buy in the shops. One difference is that it will be covered in rubber so that it is strong and won't be damaged easily. As an electricity supply can be a problem in developing countries, the computer also has a special handle in order that children can wind the computer up to give it extra power when needed.

This special laptop computer will cost less than 100 US dollars and Mr. Negroponte wants to produce as many as 15 million laptop computers in the first year. The idea is that these computers will help the children's education as they will be able to access the Internet. These computers might not benefit the people in developing countries immediately, but by improving children's education they should help people to find their own solutions to their problems in the long term.

Another idea to help children in developing countries is to recycle old mobile phones so that they can be used again. In the UK, and probably in many other countries too, millions of mobile

phones are thrown away every year. The waste created by throwing away these old phones is very bad for the environment, so it seems to be an excellent idea to recycle them. In this way we will be able to achieve two important goals at the same time. We will reduce the waste we produce and help others. In other words, we will be able to "kill two birds with one stone", and that is always a good thing.

根据短文内容, 选择最佳选项。

71. The underlined phrase "wind...up" in paragraph 2 means _____.
A. 吹风 B. 给.....上发条 C. 摇上 D. 利用空气.....使.....
72. The laptop computer that Mr. Negroponte has designed _____.
A. will be damaged much easier than the normal one
B. has a special handle to access the Internet
C. is cheap and can run with extra power
D. can be helpful to find the people's own solutions
73. According to the passage, what benefit can we get from recycling old mobile phones?
A. We can reduce the waste to protect the environment.
B. We can help children in developing countries reuse the old mobile phones.
C. It is good for the environment and very educative for phone users.
D. It not only reduces the waste produced by developed countries but also helps the children in developing countries.
74. Mr. Negroponte's cheap computer is mentioned in the passage to _____.
A. illustrate the kindness of people in the developed countries
B. tell us what high technology can help people
C. show how to find business opportunities in developing countries
D. give an example of how to help developing countries
75. Which is the best idea the author gives us to help the developing countries?
A. We need to help people in developing countries to help themselves, not just throw money at the problem.
B. We should spend much money helping people in developing countries build more schools and hospitals.
C. We should think about giving help to developing countries more often.
D. We should help the people in developing countries by improving children's education immediately.

六、词汇运用 (每小题 1 分, 共 15 分)

A. 选词填空, 请从方框中选出最佳选项补全短文。

A. yours	B. in	C. things	D. are	E. too
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Hello, girls and boys! Let's look in the lost and found box. There is a pink bag 76. it. It's Betty's. The gloves are Betty's, 77. Tim's ruler and Jim's wallet are here. Is this small watch 78. Daming? Please be careful with your 79.! Whose books are these? Oh, I'm so sorry, they 80. mine.

B. 单词填空, 根据中文或首字母提示, 写出单词在句中的正确形式, 每空填一词, 请将单词完整地写在答题卡上。

81. They are going to _____ (放) a kite next Sunday.
82. You mustn't go across the street when the _____ (交通) lights are red.
83. We _____ (相信) our China Dreams will come true.
84. Beihai Park is famous for its lake, bridges and the _____ (古老的) buildings on the hill.
85. Many _____ (自愿者) often come to the countryside to help the poor.
86. There are sixty minutes in an h _____.
87. Stick the picture with the g _____ on the wall.
88. He c _____ the screen to the computer last night.
89. Look! A Guilin TV reporter is i _____ a sports star in the street.
90. I'm looking f _____ to our summer vacation.

七、书面表达 (共 15 分)

假如你是小玲, 上周日, 你和你的美国朋友 Betty 在西山公园玩得很开心。现在请你根据下列表格的信息, 以 "A Happy Day" 为题写一篇英语短文。

Time	Things
In the morning	climb the mountain see beautiful flowers and monkeys
At noon	have a picnic on the grassland listen to music
In the afternoon	go boating on the lake feed fish ...

- 【写作要求】
1. 文中应包括以上信息, 可适当发挥, 行文连贯, 书写规范。
 2. 文章字数在 70 词左右。开头已经给出, 不计入总词数。
 3. 文中不得出现涉及考生真实信息的人名、地名或校名等。

A Happy Day

Last Sunday, Betty and I had a very good time in Xishan Park.