

参照秘密级管理★启用前

试卷类型：A

2021 级高三校际联合考试
英语试题

2024. 05

本试卷共三部分，共 10 页。满分 120 分。考试时间 100 分钟。

注意事项：

1. 答卷前，考生务必将自己的条形码粘贴在答题卡相应的位置。
2. 回答选择题时，选出每小题答案后，用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其它答案标号。回答非选择题时，将答案写在答题卡上，写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后，将答题卡交回。

第一部分 阅读（共两节，满分 50 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 37.5 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Find Inspiration at the National Inventors Hall of Fame Museum**Start Your Innovative Journey Here**

Experience the past, present and future of American originality as you are introduced to more than 600 world-changing inventors and immersed in stories of passion, perseverance and progress.

Admission

Admission to the museum is always **FREE**—the perfect way to add a fun, kid-friendly learning experience to your trip to the Washington D.C. area.

Hours

Monday—Friday, 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.

The first Saturday of every month, 11 a.m. to 3 p.m.

Sundays and federal holidays, **CLOSED**

Parking

Find convenient parking in the East Garage at 551 John Carlyle St. in Alexandria. Hourly and daily parking is available all day long, Monday through Friday, except on federal holidays. Parking costs \$3 per hour, with a daily maximum of \$10.

Visitor Policy

The National Inventors Hall of Fame Museum asks that you **do not**.

- Destroy, damage or remove property
- Touch an exhibit unless exhibit signs give permission for such activity
- Bring dogs or other animals, other than service animals
- Take photographs for advertising or any other commercial purpose
- Distribute ads, pamphlets, handbills and flyers

Contact Us

Phone: 571-272-0095

Email: museum@invent.org

The National Inventors Hall of Fame Museum is an engaging destination that sparks curiosity in the next generation of creators, innovators and enterprisers. Please call or email us, and we'll help you to arrange a unique learning experience for your students.

1. How much should one pay for two days of parking?
A. \$10. B. \$20. C. \$72. D. \$144.
2. What is prohibited at the museum?
A. Bringing service animals. B. Taking photos.
C. Handing out advertisements. D. Approaching exhibits.
3. Who might be most interested in the journey to the museum?
A. Educators. B. Scientists. C. Art lovers. D. Sports fans.

B

At age 11, actress Kaylee Hottle appears as the leading hero in the film *Godzilla x Kong: The New Empire*. It's the sequel(续集) to *Godzilla vs. Kong*, which Hottle also appeared in when she made her film debut in 2021. Both movies bring together the world's most famous fictional monsters(怪兽), Godzilla and King Kong.

Hottle, who began acting in commercials at about age 4, is deaf and is fluent in American Sign Language. She was born in Georgia and currently lives near Austin, Texas, where she attends the Texas School for the Deaf. In fact, she comes from an all-deaf family spanning four generations, so playing this character in this movie holds profound significance for who she's representing.

In both films, Hottle plays Jia, a deaf girl who is the last surviving member of the Iwi Tribe, which had lived peacefully with giant apes(类人猿) on Skull Island, Kong's home. When Jia is adopted by a scientist involved with monster research, she meets Kong and they form a special bond, using nonverbal communication and sign language. "They feel alone and without a place they belong," Hottle said of Jia and Kong's connection. They have gone through a lot but are both willing to combine forces to save the world together," she told *The Week Junior*. Hottle admires Jia's bravery and determination to help people in need, even if she's scared. "She's not a quitter," she said about her character.

As for the future, Hottle plans to continue acting, and she told *The Houston Chronicle* that she hopes other deaf young people are motivated to act when they see her on screen. "Any role you are going for, don't be scared," Hottle told *The Week Junior*. "Your dreams can come true."

"We had to look outside of the traditional casting channels to find her, and Hottle, whom we were very fortunate to cast, had never been in a film before. But through a network of casting directors and theaters, our terrific casting director, Sarah Halley Finn, was able to locate her," producer Alex Garcia said in a press release.

4. What contributes a lot to Hottle's starring in both films?

- | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| A. Her bond with giant apes. | B. Her master of sign language. |
| C. Her experiences of being a director. | D. Her interest in monster research. |

5. What do we know about the character Jia?

- | | |
|---|--|
| A. She is instructed by a scientist. | B. She comes from an all-deaf family. |
| C. She saves the world alone in the film. | D. She has a close relationship with Kong. |

6. What does Hottle expect other deaf young people to do?

- | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| A. Develop their acting skills. | B. Think more about their future. |
| C. Pursue their dreams bravely. | D. Seek chances to produce films. |

7. What does Alex Garcia think of Hottle?

- | | |
|--|--------------------------------|
| A. She is the right girl for the role. | B. She is a lucky dog. |
| C. She is good at casting actors. | D. She is a famous movie star. |

C

The global secondhand market is expected to increase at three times the rate of the overall global clothing market up to 2027, driven by Gen Z consumers, according to online secondhand platform Thredup.

The company's 11th annual resale report, released on Wednesday, says Gen Z consumers will account for nearly two-thirds of incremental(增量) secondhand spend as their purchasing power increases. Thredup's report contains much data and research from analytics firm Globaldata, which conducted a survey of over 3,000 American adults, asking specific questions about their behaviors and preferences for secondhand.

Opportunities exist in great numbers for secondhand platforms to expand business online and connect with Gen Z consumers who already purchase secondhand clothing online. Some 58 per cent of Gen Z who bought secondhand clothing over the last 12 months made at least one purchase online — more than any other generation, the report says.

Demand for secondhand goods is driving retailers(零售商) to rethink their strategies. Some 86 per cent of retail executives say their customers are already participating in resale, up 8 per cent on 2021. "Brands are adopting resale at an accelerated rate to capture more of this demand," says Thredup president Anthony Marino. "With more than half of Gen Z saying they're more likely to shop with a brand that offers secondhand alongside new, resale is becoming table stakes(筹码) for retailers."

One significant question surrounding resale's growth is whether or not it's a more eco-friendly way of shopping if customers are still consuming at an ever-rising pace. When secondhand shopping becomes sport-like for a generation of customers, and brands aren't reducing production levels as they also make profits from resale, experts say it's not actually a greener option.

"We have a huge issue with overproduction," says Harriet Vocking, chief executive of the firm Eco-Age. "The fact that there is so much opportunity for resale highlights just how high the production and consumption rates are." She argues that efforts should be directed at educating consumers and helping them understand the value of their purchases.

8. What does Thredup's report show about Gen Z?

- A. They depend too heavily on online shopping.
- B. They are easily attracted to secondhand clothing.
- C. They will be leading the way in secondhand sales.
- D. They expect to have their purchasing power increased.

9. What does paragraph 4 highlight?

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| A. Retailers' comments on resale. | B. The appeal of resale to retailers. |
| C. Retailers' expectations of resale. | D. The impact of resale on retailers. |

10. What is the major concern for experts like Harriet Vocking?

- A. How to increase production. B. How to make resale sustainable.
C. How to encourage consumption. D. How to control the resale market.

11. In which section of a website may the text appear?

- A. Business. B. Education. C. Environment. D. Technology.

D

In recent years, self-esteem(自尊) has fallen out of favor in the scientific literature and in the popular media as an important factor for life outcomes. But a new research review suggests that it can have a positive influence in many areas of people's lives.

Researchers reviewed the findings of hundreds of longitudinal(纵向的) studies that answered questions about long-term consequences, such as: Do teenagers with high self-esteem tend to be more successful in their careers? Their findings show that people with high self-esteem generally have more success at school and work, better social relationships, improved mental and physical health, and less anti-social behavior. And, these benefits continue from adolescence to adulthood and into old age.

Long-term outcomes are determined by many psychological and social factors, so self-esteem is just one part of the puzzle that might explain why people do better or worse in certain life domains. Still, the presence or absence of this one factor can have a big impact over a lifetime.

Robins Richard W. Robins, who is a psychology professor at the University of Bern and has studied self-esteem for decades, sees this review as a counter to the often-repeated claim that high self-esteem is dangerous. Self-esteem is distinct from narcissism, the research literature Robins and Orth examined shows. Whereas self-esteem refers to feelings of self-acceptance and self-respect, narcissism is characterized by feelings of superiority, entitlement, and self-centeredness.

This research review shows that high self-esteem and narcissism can have opposite implications for life outcomes. High self-esteem predicts better social relationships, whereas narcissism predicts difficulties with relationships. "Yet many psychologists have called the benefits of self-esteem a myth and suggested that it might even have a 'dark side'," Robins says.

Despite doubts cast on its importance, Robins says their review of the large body of self-esteem research demonstrates that it matters, and consequently interventions aimed at boosting self-esteem might benefit individuals and society as a whole.

12. What does the research review find?
- A. Self-esteem has long-lasting benefits.
B. Why self-esteem has fallen out of favor.
C. Self-esteem determines long-term outcomes.
D. How self-esteem contributes to one's success.
13. What does the underlined word "counter" in paragraph 4 mean?
- A. Solution. B. Explanation. C. Limitation. D. Opposition.
14. According to the research, narcissism tends to make a person _____.
A. less confident B. less adaptable C. less productive D. less popular
15. What does Robins say about developing self-esteem?
- A. It faces many challenges. B. It makes good sense.
C. It deserves further study. D. It needs medical interventions.

第二节（共 5 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 12.5 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Can you tell when your friends are happy or going through a difficult time? Whether you have one or two besties or are part of a group, building and keeping friendships is a skill we all learn. 16 Research shows it might even help you fight off colds.

Friendship is a special connection you have with another person, and it comes in all shapes and sizes. You could chat for ages or giggle at things other people don't find funny. You don't expect the other person to be fun all the time. 17 Friends don't always enjoy the same sports or hobbies but they encourage each other anyway. Experts say good friendship is a strong, stable connection. It makes you feel positive and it's not one-sided. 18

Good friends are good for your health because they make you feel happy, confident and less stressed. Sharing your feelings and ideas with someone else isn't just fun. 19 Author Lydia Denworth says friendship is good for you because it boosts your immune system and helps your body stay healthy. Having good, strong friendships is as important as diet and exercise.

20 Making time for your mates sounds obvious but it's not always easy to see them when you are busy. Try sending a message or arranging a walk or bike ride to have time to chat. Talking about your feelings lets your friends know you trust them and gives them a chance to do the same. If you think a friend is feeling down, find a quiet moment to ask if everything's OK and listen closely to their answers.

- A. Making new friends takes much time and effort.
- B. You both give each other support when you need it.
- C. And you may know when the other has had a bad day.
- D. It builds trust and helps you understand each other better.
- E. Being a friend is one of the most important skills we can learn.
- F. That's good news because hanging out with your friends is fun.
- G. As well as lifting up others, friendship can boost your wellbeing too.

第二部分 语言运用（共两节，满分 30 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下面短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

At the Nelson Street Pub in Pembroke, they're prepared for customers who dine and dash. In fact, they 21 it.

On a wall inside the front door are meal 22 that have been paid for by customers, staff, other businesses or residents. Above them is a 23 that reads: "If you are hungry and have no money, these meals have been paid for 24." All anyone has to do is 25 the ticket they want and give it to a server. The meal appears — no questions asked, no 26 cast.

I drove to the restaurant on a Friday to check it out. There I met Sharon Gribbons, who lives in Waltham, Que. She had 27 to put a couple of meals up on the wall, one on behalf of a friend. She planned to 28 a meal every month. "Everyone needs a hot meal," she explained.

Over the few hours I spent at the restaurant, six people 29 themselves of the pub's generosity, while customers 30 eight meals to the pantry(食品贮藏柜), including the "Fishy and Chippy" meal I put on my own bill.

It's 31 that the service plays an important role: offering free hot meals at a pub where people are 32, not avoided; where they can interact with others, watch TV or listen to music; and, with luck, forget their 33 for an hour or so. I hope its success isn't dependent 34 on that small-town neighborly atmosphere, because this is a 35 that needs to travel beyond Pembroke — into Ottawa, and elsewhere. Everywhere.

21. A. encourage

B. avoid

C. reward

D. ignore

22. A. receipts

B. menus

C. bills

D. tickets

23. A. paper

B. sign

C. letter

D. warning

- | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| 24. A. on time | B. with care | C. by accident | D. in advance |
| 25. A. pick | B. compare | C. book | D. buy |
| 26. A. smile | B. judgment | C. shadow | D. vote |
| 27. A. longed | B. remembered | C. paid | D. struggled |
| 28. A. save | B. consume | C. donate | D. share |
| 29. A. availed | B. reminded | C. convinced | D. relieved |
| 30. A. exposed | B. added | C. applied | D. introduced |
| 31. A. interesting | B. strange | C. surprising | D. obvious |
| 32. A. appreciated | B. welcomed | C. attracted | D. identified |
| 33. A. stories | B. existence | C. troubles | D. dignity |
| 34. A. merely | B. ultimately | C. barely | D. deeply |
| 35. A. service | B. routine | C. tradition | D. kindness |

第二节（共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Jili silk is a type of silk produced in Jili Village, Huzhou City Zhejiang Province. Jili Village has produced silk 36 the village was established in the late Yuan Dynasty. Jili silk is soft and fine with even thickness and shiny white color. With these features, Jili silk is widely recognized in China and across the world.

In the mid-Ming Dynasty this silk became well-known for 38 (be) one of the materials used to make the emperor's robes. In the Qing Dynasty, the government used to purchase a large amount of Jili silk each year. In 1851, Shanghai merchant Xu Rongcun took Jili silk to the first World Expo held in London, 39 the fabric won two top awards. In 2011, Jili silk 40 (include) in the list of China's national intangible cultural heritage items.

The silkworm(蚕) 41 (raise) for Jili silk is called the Lianxin, literally meaning lotus seed. In Jili Village, wooden reeling tools were designed 42 (specific) for Jili silk. The silk making technique was traditionally passed down by female members of a family. In addition to being used for clothes, quality Jili silk can also be made into strings for Chinese *guqin*, or used as materials 43 (restore) ancient silk scrolls(卷轴).

Today, through genetic screening technology, inheritors of Jili silk making can make silk with natural colors. The step of dyeing(染色) thus becomes 44 (necessary) in some cases. The efforts of combining the 45 (wise) of Jili silk making with modern technology are giving a new life to the ancient Chinese handicraft in the modern era.

第三部分 写作（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节（满分 15 分）

假定你是李华，你校国际部将开展心理健康月(Mental Health Awareness Month)活动。请你用英语为此活动写一篇开幕词，内容包括：

1. 活动目的；
2. 活动内容。

注意：

1. 词数 80 左右；
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Dear teachers and fellow students,

第二节（满分 25 分）

阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成一篇完整的短文。

One sunny afternoon in the small town of Oakville, a young boy named Fern was playing soccer in his backyard. His little dog, Lucky, cheerfully ran around trying to catch the ball whenever Fern kicked it too far. The air was filled with laughter and barks, making it sound like a perfect day.

All of a sudden, the sky changed color, turning dark gray. Fern noticed the wind picking up, and the trees began to shake wildly. He looked towards the horizon and saw a terrifying scene—a tornado(龙卷风) coming towards the town.

Fern fought panic and grabbed Lucky quickly. He remembered what the TV weatherman had said: “If you meet a tornado, head for the storm cellar(地窖) immediately.” Lucky whined and struggled in Fern’s arms. “Steady, boy,” Fern said to Lucky.

As he reached the doorstep of the storm cellar, he thought of Mrs. Smith, the elderly neighbor next door. Mrs. Smith lived alone and moved slowly because of her leg problems. Should he check on her? But what could he do? It seemed unlikely that she could make it to the storm cellar quickly

enough. Plus, he wasn't even sure if she wanted him around. She often scolded(训斥) him because his dog, Lucky, would mess up her flower gardens. But if there was a tornado..., she didn't have a basement or a storm cellar. Fern knew he couldn't just leave her there.

"Sorry, Lucky." He set the shaking dog on the steps in the storm cellar and let the door drop shut. Lucky would be scared there by himself, but he'd be safe.

注意:

1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

He had to make sure Mrs. Smith was OK.

After what felt like hours, the tornado finally stopped.